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# Arizona English Language Arts Standards

## Seventh Grade

ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

Adopted December 2016

## Seventh Grade Overview

Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards work together in a clear progression from kindergarten through 12th grade. This document provides a brief overview of the skills a student will learn at this grade. Each standard builds on the standard that came before and towards the standard that comes in the next grade level. Each standard is expected to be taught as appropriate for the grade-level. Some standards appear to have similar wording at multiple grade levels; however, it is understood that they are to be applied with increased focus to progressively more challenging texts and tasks.

### Reading Standards for Literature

* Independently and proficiently read grade-appropriate and increasingly complex literature from a variety of genres
* Analyze how key details build the central idea or theme of a text
* Cite textual evidence to support analysis and inferences
* Compare and contrast how texts from different genres address similar themes or topics
* Analyze the interaction of literary elements, such as setting, characters, plot, theme, etc. to consider the impact one element might have on another
* Determine the central idea or theme of a text as well as write an objective summary
* Analyze intentional author choice by comparing and contrasting characters, points of view, structures, mediums and citing evidence to support analysis
* Compare and contrast a written form of text to an audio, visual, or staged version of the text
* Determining and analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone

### Reading Standards for Informational Text

* Analyze the interaction between/among individuals, events, and ideas presented in a variety of informational texts
* Cite appropriate textual evidence to support inference drawn from informational texts, as well as writing effective objective summaries of the text
* Analyze claims by evaluating the supporting reasoning and evidence presented in a text
* Analyze and evaluate how different authors present the same subject/topic through varying mediums

### Writing Standards

* Develop and produce clear and coherent writing for a variety of tasks, purposes, and audiences using argumentative, informational, and narrative writing types
* Develop arguments supported with reasoning and evidence gathered from multiple credible print and digital resources
* Begin to acknowledge opposing viewpoints in writing
* Routinely plan, draft, revise and edit writing tasks

### Speaking and Listening Standards

* Collaboratively discuss and analyze a variety of subjects
* Develop and practice respectful communication skills in order to clarify, extend, and challenge presented information
* Present arguments and information, incorporating multimedia and other visual/audio elements as appropriate to meet the needs of the audience and purpose

### Language Standards

* Demonstrate mastery of grade level conventions (grammar, capitalization, punctuation, and spelling)
* Choose among simple, compound, complex, and compound-complex sentence structures to signal differing relationships among ideas
* Apply various strategies to determine the meaning of unknown words, phrases, and figurative language

## ESSENTIAL STANDARDS

Essential Standards are individual standards selected to receive a greater proportion of questions on the AASA exams. The AASA exams, administered in grades three through eight, are developed based on a standards blueprint approved by the State Board of Education that includes individual standards grouped into clusters and identifies an allocation of questions for each cluster. The identified Essential Standards will receive the maximum number of questions allowed by the standards blueprint. **Note that ALL standards will continue to be included in the test design of the annual state exams.**

### ALL STANDARDS WILL BE ASSESSED

The identified Essential Standards are targeted for emphasis, indicating that these standards will have a higher proportion on the AASA when possible. The state assessment will retain the same length and duration. **ALL STANDARDS** remain valid and subject to inclusion in each year’s AASA.

## REPORTING

The AASA exam results will include a new report in which Essential Standards will be represented. Beginning with the 2025-2026 school year identified Essential Standards, from the existing State Board of Education-approved standards for ELA, in grades three through eight will have a higher proportion of items on the statewide assessment, keeping within the [current blueprint](https://www.azed.gov/sites/default/files/2021/10/ELA%20AzM2%20Blueprint%202016%20Standards_AASA%20Oct%202021.pdf) adopted by the State Board of Education. Each given year an Essential Standard Cluster, identified on the table, may or may not be reported, depending upon the final form.

### REPORTING CLUSTERS GRADE 7

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| **Reading Standards for Literature** | **Reading Standards for Informational Text** | **Writing and Language** |
| Key Ideas and Details\* | Key Ideas and Details\* | Writing\*\* |
| Craft and Structure\* | Craft and Structure\* | Language\* |
| Integration of Knowledge and Ideas | Integration of Knowledge and Ideas |  |

\*Reported cluster

\*\* Writing is reported by trait

## Reading Standards for Literature

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| **Key Ideas and Details** | |
| **\*7.RL.1** | Cite several pieces of textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text. |
| **\*7.RL.2** | Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text; provide an objective summary of the text. |
| **\*7.RL.3** | Analyze how particular elements of a story or drama interact (e.g., how setting shapes the characters or plot). |

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| **Craft and Structure** | |
| **\*7.RL.4** | Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including rhymes and other repetitions of sounds (e.g., alliteration) on a specific verse or stanza of a poem or section of a story or drama. |
| **7.RL.5** | Analyze the structure of a text, including how a drama or poem’s form or structure contributes to its meaning. |
| **\*7.RL.6** | Analyze how an author develops and contrasts the points of view of different characters or narrators in a text |

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| **Integration of Knowledge and Ideas** | |
| **7.RL.7** | Compare and contrast a written story, drama, or poem to its audio, filmed, staged, or multimedia version, analyzing the effects of techniques unique to each medium (e.g., lighting, sound, color, or camera focus and angles in a film). |
| **7.RL.8** | (Not applicable to literature) |
| **\*7.RL.9** | Compare and contrast a fictional portrayal of a time, place, or character and a historical account of the same period as a means of understanding how authors of fiction use or alter history. |

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| **Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity** | |
| **7.RL.10** | By the end of the year, proficiently and independently read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poetry, in a text complexity range determined by qualitative and quantitative measures appropriate to grade 7. |

## Reading Standards for Informational Text

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| **Key Ideas and Details** | |
| **\*7.RI.1** | Cite several pieces of textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text. |
| **\*7.RI.2** | Determine two or more central ideas in a text and analyze their development over the course of the text; provide an objective summary of the text. |
| **7.RI.3** | Analyze the interactions between individuals, events, and ideas in a text (e.g., how ideas influence individuals or events, or how individuals influence ideas or events). |

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| **Craft and Structure** | |
| **\*7.RI.4** | Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone. |
| **\*7.RI.5** | Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to the development of the ideas. |
| **7.RI.6** | Determine an author’s point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author distinguishes his or her position from that of others. |

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| **Integration of Knowledge and Ideas** | |
| **7.RI.7** | Compare and contrast a text to an audio, video, or multimedia version of the text, analyzing each medium’s portrayal of the subject (e.g., how the delivery of a speech affects the impact of the words). |
| **\*7.RI.8** | Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient to support the claims. |
| **\*7.RI.9** | Analyze how two or more authors writing about the same topic shape their presentations of key information by emphasizing different evidence or advancing different interpretations of facts. |

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| **Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity** | |
| **7.RI.10** | By the end of the year, proficiently and independently read and comprehend informational texts and nonfiction in a text complexity range determined by qualitative and quantitative measures appropriate to grade 7. |

## Writing Standards

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| **Text Types and Purposes** | |
| **\*7.W.1** | Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.   * 1. Introduce claim(s), acknowledge alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.   2. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.   3. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), reasons, and evidence.   4. Establish and maintain a formal style.   5. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented. |
| **\*7.W.2** | Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.   1. Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information, using strategies such as definition, classification, comparison/contrast, and cause/effect; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. 2. Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples. 3. Use appropriate transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts. 4. Use precise language and domain‐specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. 5. Establish and maintain a formal style. 6. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented. |
| **7.W.3** | Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well‐structured event sequences.   1. Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and point of view and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically. 2. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, and description, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters. 3. Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence and signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another. 4. Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to capture the action and convey experiences and events. 5. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on the narrated experiences or events. |

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| **Production and Distribution of Writing** | |
| **\*7.W.4** | Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade‐specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above). |
| **7.W.5** | With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1–3 up to and including grade 7.) |
| **7.W.6** | Use technology, including the internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others. |

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| **Research to Build and Present Knowledge** | |
| **7.W.7** | Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions for further research and investigation. |
| **7.W.8** | Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation. |
| **7.W.9** | Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.   * 1. Apply grade 7 Reading standards to literature.   2. Apply grade 7 Reading standards to informational text and nonfiction. |

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| **Range of Writing** | |
| **7.W.10** | Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline‐specific tasks, purposes, and audiences. |

## Speaking and Listening Standards

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| **Comprehension and Collaboration** | |
| **7.SL.1** | Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one‐on‐one, in groups, and teacher‐led) with diverse partners on grade 7 topics, texts, and issues, building on others’ ideas and expressing their own clearly.   * 1. Come to discussions prepared having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.   2. Follow rules for collegial discussions, track progress toward specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.   3. Pose questions that elicit elaboration and respond to others’ questions and comments with relevant observations and ideas that bring the discussion back on topic as needed.   4. Acknowledge new information expressed by others and, when warranted, modify their own views. |
| **\*7.SL.2** | Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study. |
| **\*7.SL.3** | Delineate a speaker’s argument and specific claims, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence. |

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| **Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas** | |
| **7.SL.4** | Present claims and findings, emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with pertinent descriptions, appropriate vocabulary, facts, details, and examples; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation. |
| **7.SL.5** | Include multimedia components and visual displays in presentations to clarify claims and findings and emphasize salient points. |
| **7.SL.6** | Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grade 7 Language standards 1 and 3 for specific expectations.) |

## Language Standards

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| **Conventions of Standard English** | |
| **\*7.L.1** | Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.   * 1. Explain the function of phrases and clauses in general and their function in specific sentences.   2. Choose among simple, compound, complex, and compound‐complex sentences to signal differing relationships among ideas.   3. Place phrases and clauses within a sentence, recognizing and correcting misplaced and dangling modifiers. |
| **\*7.L.2** | Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.   1. Use a comma to separate coordinate adjectives. 2. Use correct spelling. |

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| **Knowledge of Language** | |
| **7.L.3** | Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.   * 1. Choose language that expresses ideas precisely and concisely, recognizing and eliminating wordiness and redundancy. |
| **7.L.4** | Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple‐meaning words and phrases based on grade 7 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.   1. Use common, grade‐appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., belligerent, bellicose, rebel). 2. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word’s position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. 3. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech. 4. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase. |
| **7.L.5** | Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.   1. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., literary, religious, and mythological allusions) in context. 2. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words. 3. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending). |
| **7.L.6** | Acquire and use accurately grade‐appropriate general academic and domain‐specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. |