

Foster Care Education: Best Interest Determinations

Joey Taylor, Foster Care Education Coordinator Arizona Department of Education 602.542.3569 fostercare@azed.gov

Objectives

- Review the Every Student Succeeds Act Title I, Part A foster care school stability assurances
- Better collaboration during the Best Interest Determination proces.



1. The school of origin is the school the child is enrolled at when entering foster care or if already in foster care, the school the child is enrolled at the time of a foster care placement change.

a. True

b. False

2. Which school should a student in foster care attend during the Best Interest Determination process?

a. New school

- b. School that the biological parents choose
- c. School of origin
- d. School that the student in foster care chooses

- 3. The Best Interest Determination process should be executed when a student enters foster care or a student in foster care changes their foster care living arrangement.
 - a. True
 - b. False

- 4. Which party is responsible for transporting a student in foster care to their school of origin?
 - a. School of origin
 - b. New school
 - c. School of origin & new school splits responsibility
 - d. Child welfare agency
 - e. Foster caregiver
 - f. School of origin & child welfare agency share the responsibility

- 5. The Best Interest Determination process should be led by the child welfare agency & be completed in 5 days.
 - a. True
 - b. False



Setting the Stage

Definition of Foster Care



Foster Care Definition Joint Letter

Appendix A- Foster Care Scenarios

Scenario A: Student is brought to school by his grandmother who reports that DCS* is assessing her son's home, and the student will be staying with her for the time being. Is this child in foster care? No. Children may temporarily stay with a responsible adult such as a relative or other responsible adult while a family is participating in an assessment** if DCS agrees with the arrangement (typically for a period of up to two weeks for the purpose of DCS completing the assessment). School staff may wish to check in with DCS on the status of the assessment (i.e. to ensure nothing has changed, such as DCS taking custody).

Scenario B: Student is brought to school by his grandmother who reports DCS is working with her son, who will be released from jail in a couple of months. Her son has voluntarily agreed for his child to be in foster care for 90 days or less. She provides a Notice to Provider or "NTP." Is this child in foster care? Yes. The child is in DCS custody and placed with the grandmother through a temporary "Voluntary Foster Care" agreement.

Scenario C: Student is brought to school by his grandmother. She reports that her son is having some difficulty right now so her grandson is staying with her for a while. DCS is not involved. Is this child in foster care? No. DCS is not involved. The living arrangement is between the child's parent and grandparent.

Scenario D: Student is brought to school by his grandmother who reports that DCS and the court are involved and her son is not currently allowed any unsupervised contact. She provides a Notice to Provider or "NTP." Is this child in foster care? Yes. The grandmother has an NTP and DCS has been awarded placement care and responsibility by the court.

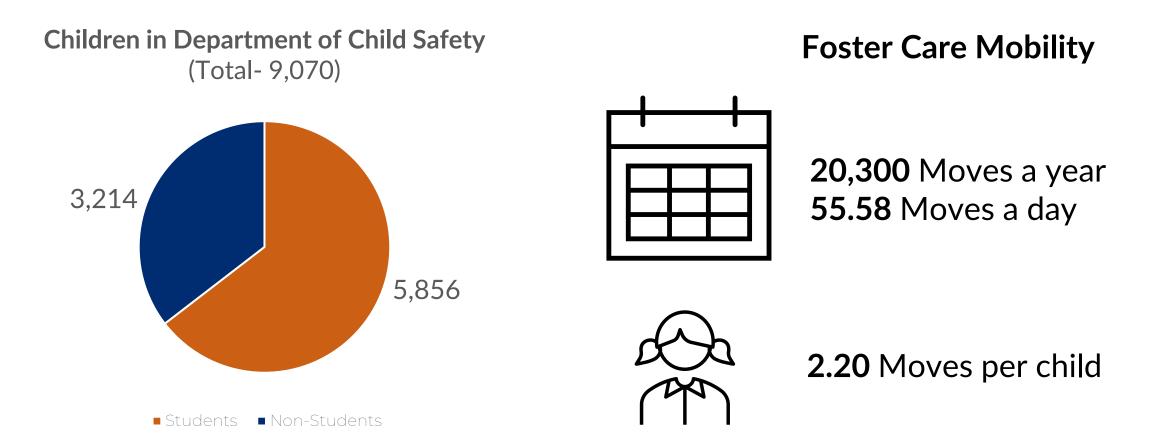
Scenario E: Student is brought to school by his grandmother who reports that DCS and the court are involved. DCS placed her grandchild with her and she has a Notice to Provider or "NTP." DCS has agreed that her son may also reside in her home, however he does not have custody and she supervises all contact between them. Is this child in foster care? Yes. DCS and the court are involved. DCS has custody and placed the child with the grandmother. The parent's presence in the home is not relevant to the custody of the child.

Scenario F: Student is brought to school by his grandmother. She provides paperwork showing that she has been awarded guardianship through her local county court but DCS is not involved. Is this child in foster care? No. The school may wish to verify with DCS whether or not they are involved. A person may be appointed as a permanent guardian through the dependency court process without ongoing involvement of DCS. A person may also petition their county court to obtain temporary guardianship of a minor child. It is always good to double check!

Scenario G: Student has turned age 18 and has been living in a foster home (or another foster care living arrangement). Is this student still in foster care? It depends. If the student signed a voluntary agreement to remain in the Extended Foster Care (EFC) program, then the student is still in foster care. If the student opted to have their DCS case closed, then the student is no longer in care. Students may reside in a foster home, group home, kinship home or be living on their own while in EFC. Please note that the federal guidance does recommend prioritizing school stability for students as they exit foster care. "For example, SEAs and LEAs should consider adopting policies that allow a child that exited foster care during the school year to continue in the school of origin through at least the end of the academic year, if appropriate."***

Scenario H: Student has turned age 18 and is participating in DCS transitional living services. Is this student in foster care? No. The ADCS has "aftercare" services and support available to youth 18 and older who were in foster care at age 16 or older. (If you are unsure about the student's status, just call us and check!)

Foster Care Data





Quick Overview

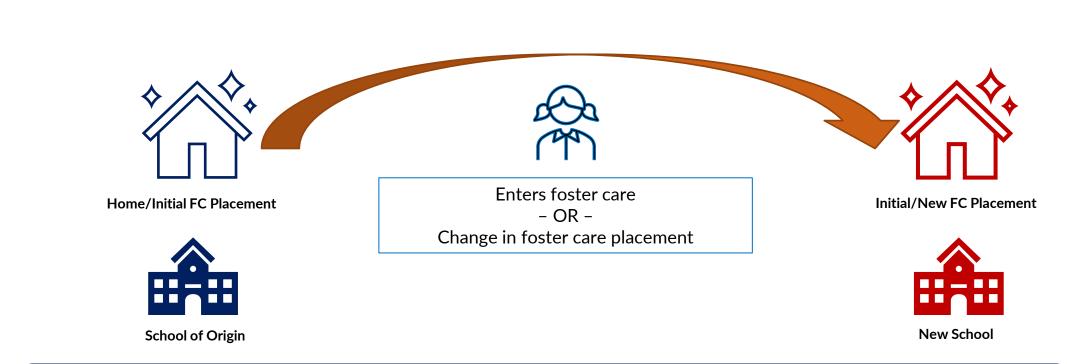
School Stability

Children in foster remain in their school of origin.

"(i)... remains in such child's school of origin, unless a determination is made that it is not in such child's best interest;" -- <u>1111(g)(1)(E)(i)</u>

School of Origin

A child in foster care is to enroll or remain in the school of origin



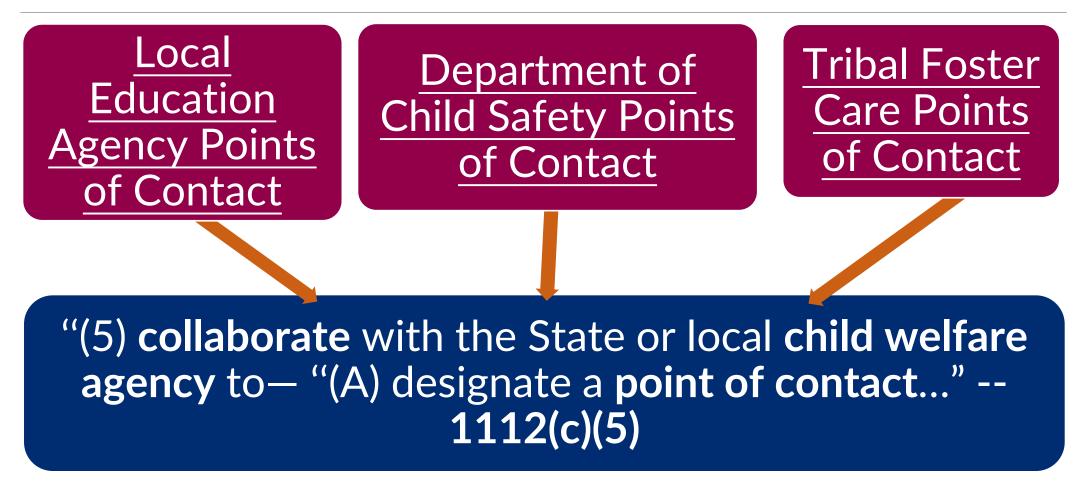
School of Origin

• The school in which a child is enrolled at the time of placement in foster care, including preschool

– OR –

• The school in which the child is enrolled at the time of change in foster care placement

Points of Contact

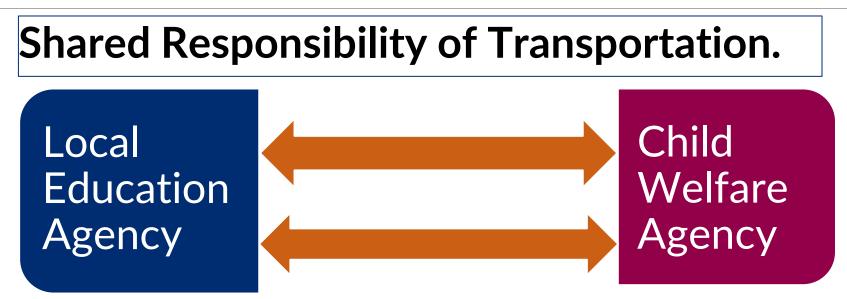


Best Interest Determination

Should the student in foster care remain in their school of origin?

During the Best Interest Determination Process... YES!

Transportation



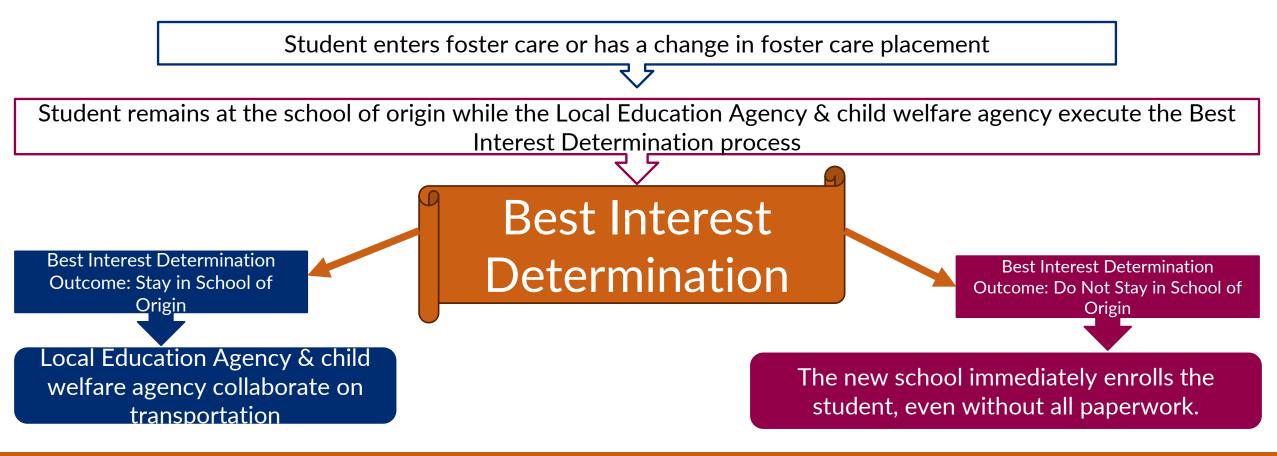
"(i)... transportation to the school of origin will promptly receive transportation in a cost-effective manner..." --1112(c)(5)(B)(i)

Immediate Enrollment



"(ii)... not in such child's best interest to remain in the school of origin, the child is immediately enrolled in a new school..." -- <u>1111(g)(1)(E)(ii)</u>

Foster Care School Stability Steps







Prep for Best Interest Determination Process

Best Interest Determination Prep Form

School of Origin BID Preparation Form

Date: Click or tap to enter a date.

Local Educational Agency (LEA) Information			
LEA Name:			
School Site:			
LEA Foster Care Point of Contact:			
School Address:			
Child in Foster Care Information			
Child Name:			
Child Name: Date of Birth:			
	State Student ID:		

School of Origin Input for BID

• How well connected is the child to the school and/or school staff? (i.e., how long attending the school, positive relationships with school staff, any sense of belonging or fitting in, etc.)

Click or tap here to enter text.

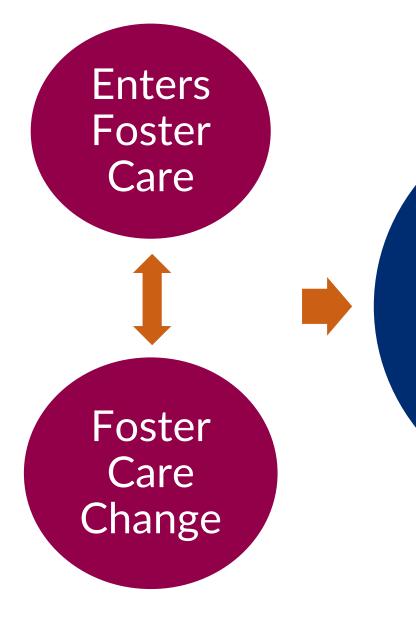
• How is the child performing academically? (*i.e.*, passing/failing classes, reading/writing/math at grade level, etc.)

Click or tap here to enter text.



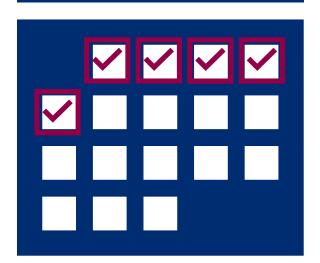
Best Interest Determinations

When to do the Best Interest Determination Process?



Best Interest Determination Executed

5 Days for Best Interest Determination Process



"A. Within five days after a child enters foster care or if a child's placement changes... shall determine if it is in the child's **best interest** to remain in the child's **school of orig**in..." --<u>ARS 8-530.04(A)</u>

Arbitration Process



"A. The department of child safety and the department of education shall... prompt resolution of disputes

B. ... **ensure transportation** to the school of origin... until the dispute is resolved.

C. A decision... within **ten business days**..." -- <u>ARS 8-530.05</u>

Department of Child Safety Best Interest Determination Meeting Table in Email

Student's Name / Parents' Name(s)	Student's Living Situation & N	lame	Potential Meeting Dates & Time
Student:	□ Foster Family:		
Parent(s):	 □ Kinship Family: □ Group Home: □ Other: 		
Current Enrollment & School Name	School & District of Origin	School & District of Residence	IEP/504
□ Yes			
School Name:			□ 504
Grade:			IDEA Parent (if different than parent):
□ No			
Last School:			

CSO-1348A

ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF CHILD SAFETY

BEST INTEREST DETERMINATION & TRANSPORTATION PLAN



Instructions

Par

Department

Best Interest

Process

Document

of Child Safety

Determination

The Every Student Succeeds Act/ESSA directs that youth experiencing foster care are to be maintained in their school of origin unless it is in the student's best interest to enroll in a new school. The school of origin is the school in which a student is enrolled at the time of entry into foster care. When the foster care living arrangement changes and the student (after a best interest determination is made) enrolls in a new school, the new school becomes the school of origin. Discuss and summarize the following topics with the student, parent, IDEA or surrogate parent (if assigned), school of origin, and caregiver. Discuss concerns and make efforts to reach consensus by the conclusion of the BID. Representatives from a proposed new school may be invited when circumstances indicate a higher potential for a change in school enrollment. Examples include when the student is entering or returning from an out-of-state living arrangement, entering a prospective permanent living arrangement, or exiting a juvenile justice or behavioral health setting. Note: Additional space available for comments on page four (4).

Participants Invited		
	Attendance	
	Yes No	
Student Name (Last, First, M.I.) *PLEASE PRINT*		
	Yes No	Current School
DCS Specialist		
	Yes No	Grade
LEA Fester Care POC (School of Origin)		
Parent(s)	Yes No	School Address
Parent()		City
IDEA Parent (if different from Parent)	Yes No	city
in a set of the set of	Yes No	
Current Caregiver Relationship	165 180	
	Yes No	Date Entered the Home
Other (LEA Foster Care POC School of Residence)		
	Yes No	Meeting Date
Other		*LEA Foster Care P
	Yes No	at the District or Sci
Other		(current or proposed
	Yes No	as appropriate) may
Other		

Current School			
Grade			
School Address		_	
City		State	ZIP
Date Entered the Home			
and an and a starting			

OC is the designated point of contact hool level. Additional school staff d school, including ESS staff y be listed as "Other."

Discussion

1 Living Arrangement: Describe the permanency of the current living arrangement. (Include the anticipated length of stay, whether or not the caregivers are anticipated to be temporary or permanent, time to reunification or another permanency plan, etc. Provide the Notice to Provider form as needed.)

2 Student Input: Describe the preference(s) of the student. Describe how the current school setting impacts the student's safety (physical environment, peer relationships, sibling connections, etc.), and how a change in school enrollment will better support safety.

(12/2023)

Best Interest Determination Participants

REQUIRED	AMELIORATING
 Child Welfare Agency 	• New School • Surrogate
 School of Origin 	Caregiver CASA
	• Student
	• Parents
	• Parents

Factors of a Best Interest Determination



Foster Care Plan



Academics



School Credits

Safety



Student, Parent, Caregiver

Distance & Commute



Unique Best Interest Determination Factors

Best Interest Determination Process – Canyon State Academy

Canyon State Academy- Can they still attend their school of origin?

Placed by Department of Child Safety

Placed by delinquency court

Best Interest Determination Process – Residential Treatment Center

Residential Treatment Center- What school is the school of origin?

School attended before residential treatment center.

Best Interest Determination Process – Level D Placement

Level D Placement/Private Day School- What school is the school of origin?

Public school that placed the student.

Best Interest Determination Process – No Arizona Public School

No Arizona Public School- How is the Best Interest Determination executed?

School of origin

Immediately enroll at new school





Withdrawal & New Enrollment

Withdrawal

Caregiver tries to withdraw

No withdrawal, notify point of contact

Best Interest Determination process

New Enrollment

Caregiver tries to enroll

Notify school of origin point of contact

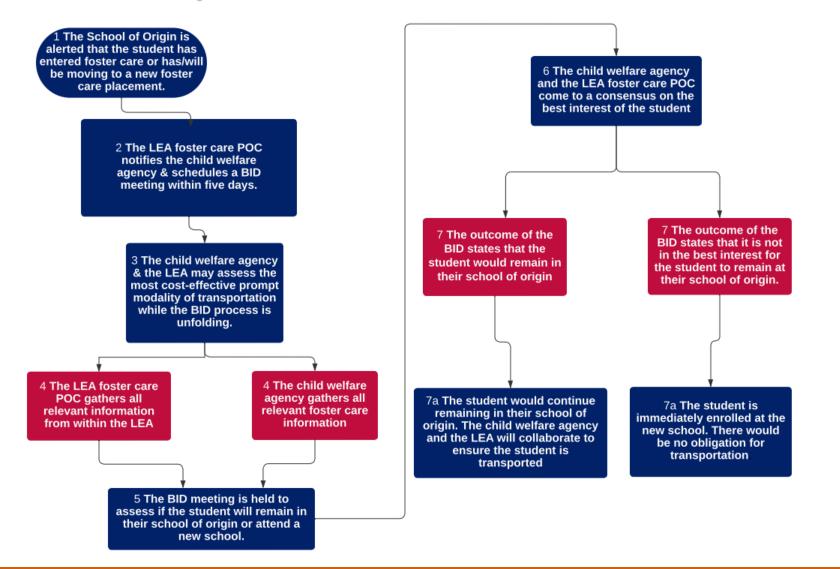
Best Interest Determination process



Flowcharts

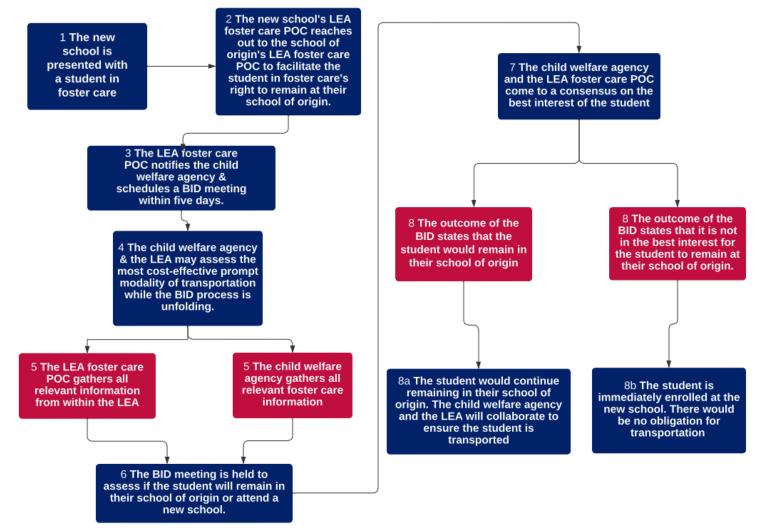
Best Interest Determination School of Origin

BID Flow Chart: School of Origin Initiation



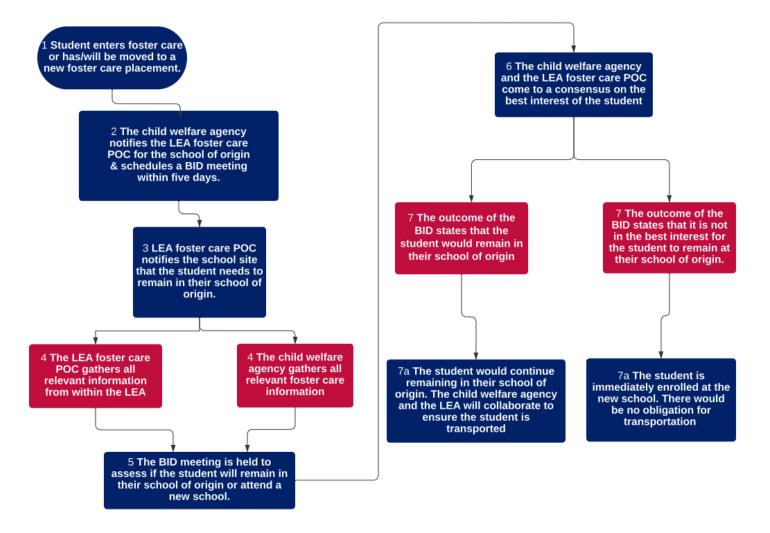
Best Interest Determination New School

BID Flow Chart: New School Initiation



Best Interest Determination Child Welfare Agency

BID Flow Chart: Child Welfare Agency Initiation





- 1. The school of origin is the school the child is enrolled at when entering foster care or if already in foster care, the school the child is enrolled at the time of a foster care placement change.
 - a. True
 - b. False

2. Which school should a student in foster care attend during the Best Interest Determination process?

a. New school

- b. School that the biological parents choose
- c. School of origin
- d. School that the student in foster care chooses

- 3. The Best Interest Determination process should be executed when a student enters foster care or a student in foster care changes their foster care living arrangement.
 - a. True
 - b. False

- 4. Which party is responsible for transporting a student in foster care to their school of origin?
 - a. School of origin
 - b. New school
 - c. School of origin & new school splits responsibility
 - d. Child welfare agency
 - e. Foster caregiver
 - f. School of origin & child welfare agency share the responsibility

- 5. The Best Interest Determination process should be led by the child welfare agency & be completed in 5 days.
 - a. True
 - b. False



Closing & Next Steps

Feedback Survey & Certificates

Feedback survey

 Must complete survey to receive professional learning certificate in Arizona Department of Education Professional Learning and Development Blackboard & receive credit for attending the mandatory training

Recording and slides

 The recording & slides will be posted on Arizona Department of Education's Foster Care webpage

Survey Link



https://forms.office.com/r/TpA1Hm2eQt

Upcoming Trainings



Oct. 24, 2024 Maricopa County Foster Care Education Collaborative 02:00 PM - 03:00 PM

Oct. 30, 2024 McKinney-Vento Homeless Liaison & Foster Care Points of Contact Convening on Transportation AM (Maricopa Only) 09:00 AM -12:00 PM

Oct. 30, 2024 McKinney-Vento Homeless Liaison & Foster Care Points of Contact Convening on Transportation PM (Maricopa Only) 01:00 PM -04:00 PM Nov. 6, 2024 McKinney-Vento Homeless Liaison & Foster Care Points of Contact Convening on Transportation AM (Maricopa Only) 09:00 AM -12:00 PM Nov. 6, 2024 McKinney-Vento Homeless Liaison & Foster Care Points of Contact Convening on Transportation PM (Maricopa Only) 01:00 PM -04:00 PM

Nov. 12, 2024 Foster Care Education: Basics 10:00 AM -12:00 PM Dec. 17, 2024 Foster Care Education: Post-Secondary Supports 10:00 AM - 12:00 PM





Thank You!



Joey Taylor, Foster Care Education Coordinator Arizona Department of Education 602.542.3569 fostercare@azed.gov